



PEGASUS
METALS
LIMITED

June 30

2015

Annual Report

ABN 40 115 535 030

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Corporate Directory

Directors

Michael Fotios	Non-Executive Director
Alan Still	Non-Executive Director
Michael Jardine	Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary

Shannon Coates (appointed 23 October 2015)

Registered Office

Level 1, 24 Mumford Place
Balcatta WA 6021

Telephone	08 6241 1877
Facsimile	08 6241 1811

Share Registry

Security Transfer Registrars Pty Ltd
770 Canning Highway
Applecross WA 6153

Telephone	08 9315 2333
Facsimile	08 9315 2233
Email:	registrar@securitytransfer.com.au

Auditors

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd
38 Station Street
Subiaco WA 6008
Australia

Telephone	08 6382 4600
Facsimile	08 6382 4601

ASX Code	PUN
Website	www.pegasusmetals.com.au
Email	admin@pegasusmetals.com.au

Directors' Report

Your Directors submit their report on the consolidated entity (referred to hereafter as the Group) consisting of Pegasus Metals Limited and the entity it controlled at the end of or during the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Group's Directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows:

Michael Fotios BSc (Hons), MAusIMM

Non-Executive Director

Michael Fotios is a Geologist specialising in Economic Geology with over 29 years extensive experience in exploration throughout Australia for gold, base metals, tantalum, tin and nickel and taking projects from exploration to feasibility.

He previously held positions with Homestake Australia Limited and Sons of Gwalia Limited. He was Managing Director and a Director with Tantalum Australia NL (now ABM Resources Ltd) from December 1992 to October 2005. In the 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year, Michael Fotios served as a director of the following companies:

- Horseshoe Metals Limited*
- Swan Gold Mining Limited*
- Redbank Copper Limited*
- General Mining Corporation Limited*
- Whitestone Minerals Pty Limited*
- Investmet Limited*
- Mulgara Minerals Limited*
- Delta Resource Management Pty Ltd*
- Northern Star Resources Limited (September 2009 to October 2013)

Alan Still

Non-Executive Director - Appointed 29 January 2015

Alan Still is a Metallurgist with over 40 years' experience in a variety of commodities.

Alan is currently a director of ASX Listed, Horseshoe Metals Limited.

Michael Jardine

Non-Executive Director - Appointed 22 July 2015

Michael Jardine is an Honours Degree graduate in Commerce from the University of Western Australia with over ten years' experience in Corporate Finance & Development including debt & equity raisings, M&A transactions and strategy development in both Perth and London, UK.

Graham D Anderson BBus,CA

Due to his passing, Graham Anderson ceased to be Chairman, director and company secretary on 20 July 2015.

Graham held a Bachelor of Business Degree and was a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia. Graham commenced his career in 1983 with Ernst & Young before later moving to the national chartered accounting firms of Duesburys and Horwath as a Partner with particular responsibilities for providing a range of audit and related corporate services.

In 1999 Graham established GDA Corporate, his own specialist corporate advisory, management and consulting practice. He had extensive experience and knowledge of the ASX Listing Rules and the Corporations Act 2001 and has acted as Director and Company Secretary to a number of ASX listed entities. He has also been significantly involved in the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") stages including due diligence processes for a number of companies in the past years.

Mr Jason Boladeras was appointed as a Non-executive Director on 27 August 2014. Jason resigned as a Non-Executive Director on 27 January 2015

Directors' Report (continued)

Company Secretary

Neil A. Marston – *Appointed 24 August 2015*

Mr Marston is a qualified accountant and chartered secretary with over 30 years' experience working in the resources and other industry sectors. Mr Marston has served as the Company Secretary and/or CFO of Grange Resources Limited and Gippsland Limited. He has extensive experience in the areas of accounting, capital raising, corporate governance and compliance, project management, mining and environmental approvals, contract negotiations and stakeholder engagement.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Group is exploration for mineral resources.

INTERESTS IN SHARES AND OPTIONS

As at the date of this report, the interests of the directors in the shares and options of Pegasus Metals Limited were:

	Ordinary shares	Options over Ordinary Shares
Michael Fotios	22,363,861	8,000,000
Alan Still	-	-
Michael Jardine	-	-

DIVIDENDS

There were no dividends recommended or paid during the financial year.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Focus of operations was advanced exploration at the Mt Mulcahy copper project (Murchison, WA).

MT MULCAHY COPPER PROJECT

The Group's flagship Mt Mulcahy Copper Project is located 45km northwest of the small mining town of Cue in the Murchison Province, Western Australia. The project area is considered prospective for Volcanogenic Massive Sulphide ('VMS') style base metal mineralisation and lies in a similar geological setting to the world-class Golden Grove VMS deposits and the Hollandaire copper discovery announced by Silver Lake Resources at its Murchison Project 60km to the southeast.

Previous explorers had defined a mineralised horizon stretching some 10km around the Mt Mulcahy syncline, including drilling which intersected high grade copper, zinc and silver. Pegasus started reverse circulation ('RC') and diamond drill programs in the previous reporting period to test the extent of mineralisation at one of the more advanced exploration targets called South Limb Pod ('SLP'), with considerable success.

The highly prospective horizon hosting the SLP Resource remains underexplored and lacks modern day systematic exploration techniques. A Versatile Time Domain Electromagnetic ('VTEM') survey was carried out over the Mt Mulcahy syncline by a previous explorer. Re-evaluation and interpretation of this survey data defined at least 20 potential VMS targets, of which many contain signatures matching those at SLP. The company will initially carry out Down Hole Electromagnetic (DHEM) surveys to improve understanding of the Cu-Zn rich sulphide zone's signature, followed by ground EM surveys over selected VTEM anomalies with the aim of generating drill targets.

Diamond drilling of targets identified by the DHEM and EM surveys will be undertaken to test both the extensions of the SLP and other massive sulphide targets around the syncline.

McLARTY RANGE COPPER PROJECT, WEST KIMBERLY WA

The Group withdrew from the McLarty Range project during the financial year.

Directors' Report (continued)

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

Competent Persons Statements

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled and/or reviewed by Michael Fotios who is a Director of Pegasus Metals and is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Fotios has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Fotios consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Financial results for the period

The operating profit after income tax of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2015 was \$695,496 (2014: loss of \$4,775,932).

Shareholder returns

	2015	2014
Basic and diluted profit/(loss) per share (cents)	0.57	(3.88)

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

Apart from the above or as noted elsewhere in this report no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group occurred during the financial year.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 16 July 2015, the Group received a \$1.4M cash refund under the Federal Government's Research & Development Incentive Scheme. The refund relates to costs of Research & Development conducted by the Group during the 2013 and 2014 financial years, essentially on the Mt Mulcahy Copper Project.

There have not been any other matters that have arisen since 30 June 2015 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of the operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future years.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Likely developments in the operations of the Group and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report. Comments on certain operations of the Group are included in this annual report under the operating and financial review on activities on page 5.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AND PERFORMANCE

The Group's operations are subject to environmental regulation in respect to its mineral tenements relating to exploration activities on those tenements. No breaches of any environmental restrictions were recorded during the financial year. The Group has not yet fully reviewed the reporting requirements under the Energy Efficient Opportunities Act 2006 or the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007, but believes it has adequate systems in place to ensure compliance with these Acts having regard to the scale and nature of current operations.

Directors' Report (continued)

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

Directors and key management personnel disclosed in this report (see page 4 for details about each director). During the financial year there were no key management personnel other than the Directors.

Name	Position
Michael Fotios	Non-Executive Director
Alan Still	Non-Executive Director (<i>Appointed on 29 January 2015</i>)
Michael Jardine	Non-Executive Director (<i>Appointed on 22 July 2015</i>)
Graham Anderson	Non-Executive Chairman & Company Secretary (<i>Ceased Appointment on 20 July 2015</i>)
Jason Boladeras	Non-Executive Director (<i>Appointed on 27 August 2014 and ceased appointment on 27 January 2015</i>)
Stephen Mann	Non-Executive Director (<i>Ceased Appointment on 19 August 2014</i>)

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required under Section 308 (3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Remuneration governance

The role of the Remuneration Committee has been assumed by the full Board. The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for board members and senior Executives of the Group (if any) is as follows:

Remuneration Policies for Non-Executive Directors

The Board will adopt remuneration policies for Non-Executive Directors (including fees, travel and other benefits). In adopting such policies the Board will take into account the following guidelines:

- Non-Executive Directors should be remunerated by way of fees – in the form of cash, non-cash benefits or superannuation contributions;
- Non-Executive Directors should not participate in schemes designed for remuneration of executives;
- Non-Executive Directors should not receive bonus payments;
- Non-Executive Directors should not be provided with retirement benefits other than statutory superannuation; and
- The maximum aggregate annual remuneration is approved by shareholders.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to Non-Executive Directors is currently \$200,000 which was approved through a General Meeting held on 22 January 2008. Fees for Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Group and are able to participate in employee option plans.

Remuneration Policies for Executive Directors and Executive Management

1. The Board will adopt remuneration policies for Executive Directors and Executive Management, including:
 - (a) Fixed annual remuneration (including superannuation) and short term and long term incentive awards (including performance targets);
 - (b) Any termination payments (which are to be agreed in advance and include provisions in case of early termination); and
 - (c) Offers of equity under Board approved employee equity plans. Any issue of Company shares or options (if any) made to Executive Directors are to be placed before shareholders for approval.
2. The Board's objectives are that the remuneration policies:
 - (a) Motivate Executive Directors and Executive Management to pursue the long term growth and success of the Company;
 - (b) Demonstrate a clear relationship between performance and remuneration; and
 - (c) Involve an appropriate balance between fixed and incentive remuneration, reflecting the short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the Company's circumstances and goals.

Performance based remuneration

There was no performance-based remuneration paid to Directors during the financial year. Based upon the present stage of development of the Company, performance based remuneration is not considered appropriate.

Group performance, shareholder wealth and directors' and executives' remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase the direct positive relationship between shareholders' investment objectives and Directors and Executives' performance. Currently, this is facilitated through the issue of options to Executives to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. No market based performance remuneration has been paid in the current year.

Directors' Report (continued)

Voting and comments made at the Group's 2014 Annual General Meeting

At the Group's 2014 Annual General Meeting, Pegasus received votes against its Remuneration Report representing greater than 25% of the votes cast by persons entitled to vote. In other words, Pegasus received a "First Strike" against its 2014 Remuneration Report. In these circumstances, the Corporations Act 2001 requires Pegasus to include in this year's Remuneration Report, an explanation of the Board's proposed action in response to that First Strike or, alternatively, if the Board does not propose any action, the Board's reason for such inaction.

The Board remains confident that the Group's remuneration policy and the level and structure of its executive remuneration are suitable for the company and its shareholders and hence it has not amended its overall remuneration policy.

Details of remuneration

The amount of remuneration of the Directors (as defined in AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures) is set out below. During the financial year there were no key management personnel other than the Directors.

	Short-Term	Post-Employment	Share-based Payments		Total
	Salary & Fees	Superannuation	Options	Remuneration consisting options	
	\$	\$	\$	%	\$
Directors					
Michael Fotios					
2015	36,000*	-	-	-	36,000*
2014	36,000*	-	-	-	36,000*
Alan Still (Appointed on 29 January 2015)					
2015	12,045*	-	-	-	12,045*
2014	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Jardine (Appointed on 22 July 2015)					
2015	-	-	-	-	-
2014	-	-	-	-	-
Graham Anderson (Ceased on 20 July 2015)					
2015	50,000*	-	-	-	50,000*
2014	36,000*	-	-	-	36,000*
Jason Boladeras (Ceased on 27 January 2015)					
2015	9,000*	-	-	-	9,000*
2014	-	-	-	-	-
Stephen Mann (Ceased on 19 August 2014)					
2015	-	-	-	-	-
2014	55,046*	5,091	-	-	60,137
Total key management personnel compensation					
2015	107,045*	-	-	-	107,045*
2014	127,046*	5,091	-	-	132,137*

*No salary or fees were paid during the year and are outstanding as at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014.

There are no cash bonuses or non-monetary benefits relating to any of the Directors and Key Management Personnel during the year.

Shareholdings of Key Management Personnel

	Balance 1 July 14	Granted as remuneration	On exercise of options	Net change Other	Balance 30 June 15
Michael Fotios	22,363,861	-	-	-	22,363,861
Alan Still	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Jardine	-	-	-	-	-
Graham Anderson	1,758,750	-	-	-	1,758,750
Jason Boladeras	-	-	-	-	-
Stephen Mann	4,644,436	-	-	4,644,436*	-
	28,767,047	-	-	4,644,436	24,122,611

*Held at date of resignation

Directors' Report (continued)

Option holdings of Key Management Personnel

	Balance 1 July 14	Granted as remuneration	On exercise of options	On lapsing of options	Balance 30 June 15
Michael Fotios	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000
Alan Still	-	-	-	-	-
Michael Jardine	-	-	-	-	-
Graham Anderson	-	-	-	-	-
Jason Boladeras	-	-	-	-	-
Stephen Mann	-	-	-	-	-
	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000

Service agreements

As at the date of this report there are no executives or key management personnel, other than the Directors, engaged by the Company. Directors serve on a month to month basis with no formal employment contracts and there are no termination payments payable.

Other Transactions with Key Management Personnel

During the year, GDA Corporate (GDA) has provided company secretarial and accounting services to the Group. Graham Anderson is a Director of GDA. Total amount payable to GDA for the year is \$82,094 excl. of GST (2014: \$42,500).

Investmet Limited (Investmet) provides consulting services to the Group. Michael Fotios is a Director and substantial shareholder of Investmet. No amounts were paid to Investmet Limited during the year (2014: 161,225). As at 30 June 2015, there is balance of \$233,225 excl. of GST outstanding

The Group has entered into an administrative services management agreement with Delta Resource Management Pty Ltd (Delta), an entity associated with Director Michael Fotios. No amounts were paid to Delta Resource Management Pty Ltd for the year (2014: \$619,091). As at 30 June 2015, there is balance of \$719,794 excl. of GST outstanding.

Whitestone Minerals Limited (Whitestone) is a related party of Michael Fotios who is a Director of the Company. No amounts were paid to Whitestone during the year (2014: \$80,000). As at 30 June 2015, there is balance of \$463,475 excl. of GST outstanding (2014: \$406,369).

On 14 March 2014, the Group entered into a loan agreement with Michael Fotios ATF the Michael Fotios Family Trust. On 30 September 2014, the loan agreement was revised to the amount of \$1,000,000 or such other greater sum as the parties may agree in writing.

The purpose of the loan is to provide working capital to the Group to fund its immediate operational requirements and the loan bears no interest. The proceeds from the loan have been used to meet short-term expenditure needs. On 30 September 2015, the Group varied the terms of the loan agreement. The parties agreed that the loan is repayable in full within 7 days of the successful completion of a capital raising which is expected to be completed by 30 June 2016. As at 30 June 2015, there is a drawdown of \$355,498 under the loan agreement and the undrawn balance is \$644,502. Please refer to Note 11 for details of the terms and conditions set out in the loan agreement.

The above transactions are based on normal commercial terms and conditions and at arm's length. There are no loans to key management personnel as at 30 June 2015 (2014: nil).

Share-based compensation

There were no options issued to Directors and Executives as part of their remuneration during the year.

Additional information

The table below sets out information about the Group's earnings and movements in shareholder wealth of the periods since listing:

	30 June 2015	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	333	19,625	72,201	27,286	70,099
Net profit/(loss) before tax	695,496	(4,775,932)	(4,244,687)	(2,837,117)	(2,720,710)
Share price at year-end	0.11	0.010	0.150	0.150	0.270

Use of remuneration consultants

There were no remuneration consultants engaged by the Group during the financial year.

This is the end of the audited remuneration report.

Directors' Report (continued)

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

During the year the Group held 3 meetings of Directors. The attendance of Directors at meetings of the Board was:

	Directors' Meetings	
	A	B
Michael Fotios	3	3
Alan Still (Appointed on 29 January 2015)	1	1
Michael Jardine (Appointed on 24 August 2015)	-	-
Graham Anderson (Ceased on 20 July 2015)	3	3
Jason Boladeras (Ceased on 27 January 2015)	1	1
Stephen Mann (Ceased on 19 August 2014)	1	1

Notes

A - Number of meetings attended B - Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office during the year

SHARES UNDER OPTION

At the date of this report there are 8,000,000 unlisted options outstanding.

	Number of options
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,000,000
Movements of share options during the year	
Lapsing of unlisted options at 15 cents each expired on 11 October 2014	(2,000,000)
Total number of options outstanding as at the date of this report	8,000,000

The balance is comprised of the following:

Expiry date	Exercise price (cents)	Number of options
31 December 2015	35	8,000,000
Total number of options outstanding at the date of this report		8,000,000

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF GROUP

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Group with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During or since the financial year, the Group has paid premiums insuring all the directors of Pegasus Metals Limited against costs incurred in defending proceedings for conduct involving:

- a wilful breach of duty; or
- a contravention of sections 182 or 183 of the *Corporations Act 2001*, as permitted by section 199B of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The total amount of insurance contract premiums paid is confidential under the terms of the insurance policy. The Group has entered into a Deed of Indemnity, Insurance and Access with each Director. In summary the Deed provides for:

- Access to corporate records for each Director for a period after ceasing to hold office in the Group,
- The provision of Directors and Officers Liability Insurance, and
- Indemnity for legal costs incurred by Directors in carrying out the business affairs of the Group.

Directors' Report (continued)

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The Group may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important.

The board of Directors has considered the position and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditors, as set out below, did not compromise the auditors independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 11- Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

No non-audit services were provided by BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd during the current financial year.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 12.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors, and on behalf of the board by,



MICHAEL FOTIOS
Director

West Perth, Western Australia
30 September 2015

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY PHILLIP MURDOCH TO THE DIRECTORS OF PEGASUS METALS LIMITED

As lead auditor of Pegasus Metals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Pegasus Metals Limited and the entity it controlled during the period.



Phillip Murdoch

Director

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

Perth, 30 September 2015

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
REVENUE			
Revenue	2	333	19,625
Other income	2	1,431,573	-
Loss on disposal of asset		(3,172)	-
Exploration expenses		(260,559)	(339,135)
Impairment of exploration acquisition costs capitalised	9	-	(4,001,359)
Occupancy expenses		(36,000)	(33,000)
Other expenses	3	(305,665)	(246,112)
Director fees		(107,045)	(127,046)
Consultant expenses		(18,375)	(40,425)
Depreciation expense		(5,594)	(8,480)
Profit/(loss) before income tax		695,496	(4,775,932)
Income tax benefit/(expense)	4	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year		695,496	(4,775,932)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		695,496	(4,775,932)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF PEGASUS METALS LIMITED	13	695,496	(4,775,932)
Profit/(loss) per share for loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Group:			
Basic profit/(loss) per share (cents per share)	15	0.57	(3.88)
Diluted profit per share (cents per share)	15	0.56	-

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

AS AT 30 JUNE 2015	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	12,967	11,807
Trade and other receivables	6	1,653,026	192,010
Other current assets	7	10,086	10,760
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		<u>1,676,079</u>	<u>214,577</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	8	7,438	30,584
Capitalised exploration expenditure	9	3,747,933	3,747,933
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		<u>3,755,371</u>	<u>3,778,517</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>5,431,450</u>	<u>3,993,094</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	10	2,452,090	1,856,727
Borrowings	11	355,498	208,001
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>2,807,588</u>	<u>2,064,728</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>2,807,588</u>	<u>2,064,728</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>2,623,862</u>	<u>1,928,366</u>
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	12	18,189,063	18,189,063
Accumulated losses	13	(18,194,822)	(18,890,318)
Reserves	14	2,629,621	2,629,621
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>2,623,862</u>	<u>1,928,366</u>

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

	Note	Contributed Equity \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Share-based Payments Reserve \$	Total Equity \$
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2014		18,189,063	(18,890,318)	2,629,621	1,928,366
Profit for the year	13	-	695,496	-	695,496
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		-	695,496	-	695,496
TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS IN THEIR CAPACITY AS OWNERS		-	-	-	-
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2015		18,189,063	(18,194,822)	2,629,621	2,623,862

	Note	Contributed Equity \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Share-based Payments Reserve \$	Total Equity \$
BALANCE AT 1 JULY 2013		18,189,063	(14,114,386)	2,629,621	6,704,298
Loss for the year	13	-	(4,775,932)	-	(4,775,932)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR		-	(4,775,932)	-	(4,775,932)
TRANSACTIONS WITH OWNERS IN THEIR CAPACITY AS OWNERS		-	-	-	-
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2014		18,189,063	(18,890,318)	2,629,621	1,928,366

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from debtors		6,567	5,315
Payments to suppliers and employees		(102,083)	(296,062)
Payments for exploration		(65,841)	(97,108)
Interest received		641	1,348
NET CASH (OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	27	<u>(160,716)</u>	<u>(386,507)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		14,380	17,327
NET CASH INFLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		<u>14,380</u>	<u>17,327</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issues of shares		-	-
Payment of share issue costs		-	-
Proceeds from borrowings	11	147,496	208,001
NET CASH INFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u>147,496</u>	<u>208,001</u>
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		<u>1,160</u>	<u>(161,179)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<u>11,807</u>	<u>172,986</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	5	<u><u>12,967</u></u>	<u><u>11,807</u></u>

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial information included in this report have been set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation of historical financial information

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Boards, Australian Accounting Interpretations and the *Corporations Act 2001*. These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial statements, comprising the notes thereto, comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Australian Accounting Standards include Australian Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). These financial statements are presented in Australian Dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. Pegasus Metals Limited is a for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

Going Concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the basis of going concern, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Group incurred a profit of \$695,496 for the year (2014: loss of \$4,775,932) and incurred, cash outflows from operating activities of \$160,716 (2014: \$386,507). The ability of the Group to pay its debts as and when they become due is dependent upon the loan facility entered into with Michael Fotios ATF the Michael Fotios Family Trust, letters of support obtained from creditors of significant value and the Group's history of successful capital raising to date. Subsequent to year end, the Group also received a \$1.4M cash refund under the Federal Government's Research & Development Incentive Scheme.

Notwithstanding the above, should the Group not receive the continued financial support of creditors and/or not be able to raise additional funds, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due and realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business at the amounts stated in the financial report.

The financial report does not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability or classification of recorded asset amounts, nor the amounts or classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the group not be able to continue as a going concern.

(b) Government Grants

Grants from the government are offset against the area where the costs were initially incurred at their fair value where there is a reasonable estimate the grant will be received and the group will comply with the attached conditions. For research and development relating to exploration and evaluation expenditure, any claim will be offset against this balance.

(c) Revenue Recognition

Sale of Goods and Services

Revenue from sale of goods or services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the buyer and can be reliably measured. Risks and rewards are considered passed to buyer when goods have been delivered to the customer.

Interest

Revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This method uses the effective interest rate which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipt over the expected life of the financial asset.

(d) Income tax

The income tax expense for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases, at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. Exceptions are made for certain temporary differences arising on initial recognition of an asset or a liability if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Current and deferred tax balances relating to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(e) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date the Group assesses whether there is any indication that individual assets are impaired. Where impairment indicators exist, the recoverable amount is determined and impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income where the asset's carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For the purpose of assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where it is not possible to estimate recoverable amount for an individual asset, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

"Cash and cash equivalents" includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(g) Investments and Other Financial Assets

All investments and other financial assets are initially stated at cost, being the fair value of consideration given plus acquisition costs. Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade date which is the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Accounting policies for each category of investments and other financial assets subsequent to initial recognition are set out below.

Loans and receivables

Non-current loans and receivables include loans due from related parties repayable no earlier than 365 days of statement of financial position date. As these are non-interest bearing, fair value at initial recognition requires an adjustment to discount these loans using a market-rate of interest for a similar instrument with a similar credit rating. The discount is credited to the statement of comprehensive income immediately and amortised using the effective interest method. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised costs using the effective interest rate method.

(h) Fair value estimation

Fair values may be used for financial asset and liability measurement and well as for sundry disclosures.

Fair values for financial instruments traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at statement of financial position date. The quoted market price for financial assets is the current bid price and the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. Assumptions used are based on observable market prices and rates at reporting date. The fair value of long-term debt instruments is determined using quoted market prices for similar instruments. Estimated discounted cash flows are used to determine fair value of the remaining financial instruments.

The fair value of trade receivables and payables is their normal value less estimated credit adjustments due to their short term nature.

(i) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the year end and which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and have 30-60 day payment terms. They are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost.

(j) Employee Benefits

Wages and Salaries, Annual Leave and Sick Leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of statement of financial position date are recognised in respect of employees' services rendered up to reporting date and measured at amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when leave is taken and measured at the actual rates paid or payable. Liabilities for wages and salaries are included as part of Other Payables and liabilities for annual and sick leave are included as part of Employee Benefits Provisions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Long Service Leave

Liabilities for long service leave are recognised as part of the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees to the statement of financial position date using the projected future projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future salaries and wages levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using national government bond rates at reporting date with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Retirement Benefit Obligations

The Group does not have a defined contribution superannuation fund. All employees of the group are entitled to receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government which is currently 9.25%.

(k) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Exploration and evaluation expenditure encompasses expenditures incurred by the Group in connection with the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources before the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource are demonstrable.

Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred by the Group is accumulated for each area of interest and recorded as an asset if:

- 1) the right to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- 2) at least one of the following conditions is also met:
 - a) the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; and
 - b) exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not at the reporting date reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing. Exploration and evaluation incurred by the Group are expensed in the year they are incurred.

For each area of interest, expenditure incurred in the acquisition of rights to explore is capitalised, classified as tangible or intangible, and recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset. Exploration and evaluation assets are measured at cost at recognition. Exploration and evaluation incurred by the Group subsequent to acquisition of the rights to explore is expensed as incurred.

The recoverable amount of each area of interest is determined on a bi-annual basis and the provision recorded in respect of that area adjusted so that the net carrying amount does not exceed the recoverable amount. For areas of interest that are not considered to have any commercial value, or where exploration rights are no longer current, the capitalised amounts are written off against the provision and any remaining amounts are charged to profit and loss. Recoverability of the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

(l) Contributed Equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(m) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except where GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item. Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financial activities, which are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

(n) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to the Group as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentive received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The respective leased assets are included in the statement of financial position based on their nature.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(o) Provisions

Provisions for legal claims are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events. It is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(p) Share based payments

The Group provides benefits to employees (including directors) of the Group in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or options over shares ("equity-settled transactions").

The fair value of options is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based payments reserve). The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the holder becomes unconditionally entitled to the options. Fair value is determined by an independent valuer using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. In determining fair value, no account is taken of any performance conditions other than those related to the share price of Pegasus Metals ("market conditions").

The cumulative expense recognised between grant date and vesting date is adjusted to reflect the director's best estimate of the number of options that will ultimately vest because of internal conditions of the options, such as the employees having to remain with the Group until vesting date, or such that employees are required to meet internal sales targets. No expense is recognised for options that do not ultimately vest because a market condition was not met.

Where the terms of options are modified, the expense continues to be recognised from grant date to vesting date as if the terms had never been changed. In addition, at the date of the modification, a further expense is recognised for any increase in fair value of the transaction as a result of the change.

Where options are cancelled, they are treated as if vesting occurred on cancellation and any unrecognised expenses are taken immediately to the statement of comprehensive income. However, if new options are substituted for the cancelled options and designated as a replacement on grant date, the combined impact of the cancellation and replacement options are treated as if they were a modification.

(q) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line basis to write off the net cost of each item over its expected useful life. Depreciation rate for plant and equipment is 33%. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

As asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 1(d)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, it is group policy to transfer any amounts included in other reserves in respect of those assets to retained earnings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(r) Earnings per Share

(i) Basic Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing the operating loss after income tax by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

(ii) Diluted Earnings per Share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share by taking into account amounts unpaid on ordinary shares and any reduction in earnings per share that will probably arise from the exercise of partly paid shares or options outstanding during the financial year.

(s) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner that is consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, which has been identified by the Group as the Managing Director and other members of the Board of Directors.

(t) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received net of issue costs associated with the borrowing. Interest calculated using the effective interest rate method is accrued over the period it becomes due and increases the carrying amount of the liability.

(u) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Pegasus Metals Limited. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of Pegasus Metals Limited. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries are consistent with the policies adopted by the consolidated entity.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. A change in ownership interest, without the loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction, where the difference between the consideration transferred and the book value of the share of the non-controlling interest acquired is recognised directly in equity attributable to the parent. Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the statement of profit and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the consolidated entity. Losses incurred by the consolidated entity are attributed to the non-controlling interest in full, even if that results in a deficit balance.

Where the consolidated entity loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets including goodwill, liabilities and non-controlling interest in the subsidiary together with any cumulative translation differences recognised in equity. The consolidated entity recognises the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any investment retained together with any gain or loss in profit and loss.

(v) New, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The consolidated entity has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the consolidated entity.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2015 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

<i>Title of standard</i>	<i>Nature of change</i>	<i>Impact</i>	<i>Mandatory application date/ Date adopted by company</i>
AASB 9 Financial Instruments	AAB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. Since December 2013, it also sets out new rules for hedge accounting.	There will be no impact on the Group's accounting for financial assets and financial liabilities as the new requirements only affect the accounting for available-for-sale financial assets and the accounting for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss and the Group does not have any such financial assets or financial liabilities. The new hedging rules align hedge accounting more closely with the company's risk management practices. As a general rule it will be easier to apply hedge accounting going forward. The new standard also introduces expanded disclosure requirements and changes in presentation.	Must be applied for financial years commencing on or after 1 January 2018. Application date for the company will be 30 June 2019. The company does not currently have any hedging arrangements in place.
AASB 15 (issued June 2014) Revenue from contracts with customers	An entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue will be recognised when control of goods or services is transferred, rather than on transfer of risks and rewards as is currently the case under IAS 18 Revenue.	Due to the recent release of this standard the Group has not yet made an assessment of the impact of this standard.	Must be applied for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Application date for the company will be 30 June 2019.

(w) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Impairment of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure

The future recoverability of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors, including whether the Group decides to exploit the related lease itself or, if not, whether it successfully recovers the related exploration and evaluation asset through sale.

Factors that could impact the future recoverability include abandonment of area of interest, the level of reserves and resources, future technological changes, costs of drilling and production, production rates, future legal changes (including changes to environmental restoration obligations) and changes to commodity prices.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
NOTE 2. REVENUE		
Interest income	333	1,513
Research and development rebate 2013 and 2014	1,431,573	-
Other income	-	18,112
	<u>1,431,906</u>	<u>19,625</u>
NOTE 3. OTHER EXPENSES		
Employee expenses	-	5,091
Administration services	38,084	38,793
Legal fees	35,590	30,667
Accounting and secretarial fees	39,500	39,500
Professional taxation fees	143,157	-
Other expenses	49,334	132,001
	<u>305,665</u>	<u>246,112</u>
NOTE 4. INCOME TAX		
a) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable		
Profit/(loss) before income tax	695,496	(4,775,932)
Prima facie income tax at 30%	208,649	(1,432,780)
Non-deductible expenses	4	4,229
Non-assessable income	(429,473)	-
Movement in unrecognised temporary differences	39,477	(8,130)
Effect of tax loss not recognised as deferred assets	181,343	1,436,681
Income tax (expense)/benefit	-	-
b) Unrecognised deferred tax assets arising on timing differences and losses:		
Unrecognised deferred tax asset – tax losses	3,463,091	5,469,602
Unrecognised deferred tax asset - timing	69,025	6,208
Unrecognised deferred tax asset – capital raising costs	6,826	8,408
	<u>3,538,942</u>	<u>5,484,218</u>
NOTE 5. CASH AT BANK		
Cash at bank and on hand	12,967	11,807
	<u>12,967</u>	<u>11,807</u>
Information about the Group's exposure to interest rate risk is provided in Note 17.		
NOTE 6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
GST receivable	219,595	174,466
R&D rebate for 2013 and 2014	1,431,573	-
Other receivables	1,858	17,544
	<u>1,653,026</u>	<u>192,010</u>
As of 30 June 2015, trade receivables that were past due or impaired was nil (2014: nil). Information about the Group's exposure to credit risk is provided in Note 17.		
NOTE 7. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Prepayments	-	365
Bank guarantee	10,000	10,000
Accrued interest	86	395
	<u>10,086</u>	<u>10,760</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	2015	2014
NOTE 8. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	\$	\$
Plant and equipment	137,825	157,272
Less: accumulated depreciation	(130,387)	(126,688)
	<u>7,438</u>	<u>30,584</u>
<i>(a) Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of plant and equipment</i>		\$
Balance at 1 July 2014		30,584
Disposal		(17,552)
Depreciation expense		(5,594)
Balance at 30 June 2015		<u>7,438</u>
Balance at 1 July 2013		47,882
Disposal		(8,818)
Depreciation expense		(8,480)
Balance at 30 June 2014		<u>30,584</u>
NOTE 9. CAPITALISED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE	2015	2014
Capitalised tenement acquisition costs	\$	\$
Opening net book amount	3,747,933	7,749,292
Impairment during the year	-	(4,001,359)
Closing net book amount	<u>3,747,933</u>	<u>3,747,933</u>
NOTE 10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Trade payables	2,207,603	1,770,447
Accrued expenses	170,035	16,000
Payroll liabilities	74,452	70,280
	<u>2,452,090</u>	<u>1,856,727</u>
NOTE 11: BORROWINGS		
<p>On 14 March 2014, the Group entered into a loan agreement with Michael Fotios ATF the Michael Fotios Family Trust to the amount of \$500,000. On 30 September 2014, the loan agreement was revised to the amount of \$1,000,000 or such other greater sum as the parties may agree in writing.</p> <p>The purpose of the loan is to provide working capital to the Group to fund its immediate operational requirements and the loan bears no interest. The proceeds from the loan have been used to meet short-term expenditure needs. On 30 September 2015, the Group varied the terms of the loan agreement. The parties agreed that the loan is repayable in full within 7 days of the successful completion of a capital raising which is expected to be completed by 30 June 2016. In the event that the capital raising is not successfully completed by 30 June 2016, then interest, repayment, and/or conversion of the loan will be re-negotiated between the parties and the loan shall be repayable on demand, at the discretion of the lender, until those terms are agreed.</p>		
Opening drawdown balance	208,002	-
Drawdowns during the year	147,496	208,002
Closing drawdown balance	<u>355,498</u>	<u>208,002</u>
Closing undrawn balance	<u>644,502</u>	<u>291,998</u>
NOTE 12. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY	2015	
Issued Capital	Number	\$
Fully paid ordinary shares	123,074,519	15,989,063
Shares to be issued	11,000,000	2,200,000
Total Contributed Equity	<u>134,074,519</u>	<u>18,189,063</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 12. CONTRIBUTED EQUITY (continued)

	2014	
Issued Capital	Number	\$
Fully paid ordinary shares	123,074,519	15,989,063
Shares to be issued (i)	11,000,000	2,200,000
Total Contributed Equity	134,074,519	18,189,063

(i) The above shares to be issued represents the deferred consideration payable under the Mt Mulcahy Tenement Sale Agreement.

Movements in share capital

	Number	\$
Balance 1 July 2014	134,074,519	18,189,063
Balance at 30 June 2015	134,074,519	18,189,063
Balance 1 July 2013	134,074,519	18,189,063
Balance at 30 June 2014	134,074,519	18,189,063

Movements in options on issue

	Number	\$
Balance at 1 July 2014	10,000,000	2,629,621
Issued/(lapsed) during the year:		
- Lapsing of unlisted options expiring on 11 October 2014 at \$0.15 each	(2,000,000)	-
Balance at 30 June 2015	8,000,000	2,629,621
<i>Vested and exercisable at end of the year</i>	8,000,000	
Balance at 1 July 2013	17,000,000	2,629,621
Issued/(lapsed) during the year:		
- Lapsing of unlisted options expiring on 16 June 2014 at \$0.15 each	(1,000,000)	-
- Lapsing of unlisted options expiring on 16 December 2013 at \$0.45 each	(6,000,000)	-
Balance at 30 June 2014	10,000,000	2,629,621
<i>Vested and exercisable at end of the year</i>	6,000,000	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
NOTE 13. ACCUMULATED LOSSES		
Accumulated losses at beginning of year	(18,890,318)	(14,114,386)
Net profit/(loss) for the year	695,496	(4,775,932)
Accumulated losses at end of year	<u>(18,194,822)</u>	<u>(18,890,318)</u>

NOTE 14. SHARE BASED PAYMENT RESERVE

Balance at beginning of year	2,629,621	2,629,621
Issue of unlisted options	-	-
Balance at end of year	<u>2,629,621</u>	<u>2,629,621</u>

Nature and purpose of reserves

Share-based payments reserve

The share-based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of shares issued to employees, to directors and for the acquisition of assets.

NOTE 15. PROFIT/LOSS PER SHARE

	2015	2014
Profit/(loss) attributable to the members of the company used in calculating basic and diluted loss per share	695,496	(4,775,932)
Basic profit/(loss) per share (cents)	0.57	(3.88)
Diluted profit/(loss) per share (cents)	0.56	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in the calculation of basic profit/(loss) per share	123,074,519	123,074,519

NOTE 16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market Risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. Management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the group through regular reviews of the risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and investment securities and cash and cash equivalents.

Trade and other receivables

As the Group operates in the mining explorer sector, it does not have trade receivables and therefore is not exposed to credit risk in relation to trade receivables. Presently, the Group undertakes exploration and evaluation activities exclusively in Australia. At the reporting date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Carrying Amount	
	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	12,967	11,807
Other receivables	1,443,431	27,544
	<u>1,456,398</u>	<u>39,351</u>

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rates.

Financial assets – counterparties without external credit rating

Financial assets with no default in past	1,443,431	27,544
<i>Cash at bank and short-term bank deposits</i>		
AA – S&P rating	12,967	11,807
	<u>1,456,398</u>	<u>39,351</u>

Capital Risk Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain a strong capital base sufficient to maintain future exploration and development of its projects. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group's focus has been to raise sufficient funds through equity and to sell surplus assets to fund exploration and evaluation activities. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio; however, there are no external borrowings as at reporting date.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. Risk management policies and procedures are established with regular monitoring and reporting. Neither the Company nor its subsidiary is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Impairment losses

None of the Group's other receivables are past due (2014: nil). There is no impairment loss recognised in 2015. The allowance accounts in respect of other receivables are used to record impairment losses unless the Group is satisfied that no recovery of the amount owing is possible; at that point the amount is considered irrecoverable and is written off against the financial asset directly. At 30 June 2015 the Group does not have any collective impairment on its other receivables (2014: nil).

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

Typically the Group ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 60 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted, such as natural disasters.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

30 June 2015

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Trade and other payables	2,452,090	2,452,090	2,452,090	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	355,498	355,498	-	355,498	-	-	-
	<u>2,807,588</u>	<u>2,807,588</u>	<u>2,452,090</u>	<u>355,498</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

30 June 2014

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
Trade and other payables	1,856,727	1,856,727	1,856,727	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	208,001	208,001	-	208,001	-	-	-
	2,064,728	2,064,728	1,856,727	208,001	-	-	-

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Sensitivity analysis

If the interest rates had weakened/strengthened by 1% (based on forward treasury rates) at 30 June 2015, there would be no material impact on the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. There would be no effect on the equity reserves other than those directly related to statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income movements.

Interest rate risk

Exposure arises predominantly from assets and liabilities bearing variable interest rates as the Group intends to hold fixed rate assets and liabilities to maturity. Interest rate risk is not considered to be material.

2015	Fixed Interest	Floating Interest	Non-Interest Bearing	Total
Financial Assets	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	10,000	2,967	-	12,967
Trade and other receivables	10,000	-	1,643,026	1,653,026
Weighted Average Interest Rate	2.30%	-	-	-
Net Financial Assets	20,000	2,967	1,643,026	1,665,993
Financial Liabilities				
Trade and other payables and borrowings	-	-	2,807,588	2,807,588
	-	-	2,807,588	2,807,588
2014				
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	10,000	1,807	-	11,807
Trade and other receivables	10,000	-	182,010	192,010
Weighted Average Interest Rate	3.00%	-	-	-
Net Financial Assets	20,000	1,807	182,010	203,817
Financial Liabilities				
Trade and other payables and borrowings	-	-	2,064,728	2,064,728
	-	-	2,064,728	2,064,728

Fair values

The Group does not have any financial instruments that are subject to recurring fair value measurements. Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of the current receivables and current trade and other payables is assumed to approximate their fair value

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group does not have any operating segments with discrete financial information. The Group does not have any customers, and all the Group's assets and liabilities are located within Australia.

The Board of Directors review internal management reports on a monthly basis that is consistent with the information provided in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of financial position and statement of cash flows. As a result no reconciliation is required because the information as presented is what is used by the Board to make strategic decisions.

NOTE 18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2015 (2014: nil).

NOTE 19. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 16 July 2015, the Group received a \$1.4M cash refund under the Federal Government's Research & Development Incentive Scheme. The refund relates to costs of Research & Development conducted by the Group during the 2013 and 2014 financial years, essentially on the Mt Mulcahy Copper Project.

There have not been any other matters that have arisen since 30 June 2015 that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of the operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future years.

NOTE 20. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Amount paid or payable to BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
	32,171	32,171
	<u>32,171</u>	<u>32,171</u>

No non-assurance services were provided during the year ended 2015.

NOTE 21. DIVIDENDS

There was no dividend paid during the current and prior years.

NOTE 22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Summarised Compensation of Key Management Personnel

Short-term employee benefits
Post-employment benefits

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
	107,045	127,046
	-	5,091
	<u>107,045</u>	<u>132,137</u>

(b) Other Transactions with Key Management Personnel

During the year, GDA Corporate (GDA) has provided company secretarial and accounting services to the Group. Graham Anderson is a Director of GDA. Total amount payable to GDA for the year is \$82,094 excl. of GST (2014: \$42,500).

Investmet Limited (Investmet) provides consulting services to the Group. Michael Fotios is a Director and substantial shareholder of Investmet. No amounts were paid to Investmet Limited during the year (2014: 161,225). As at 30 June 2015, there is balance of \$233,225 excl. of GST outstanding.

The Group has entered into an administrative services management agreement with Delta Resource Management Pty Ltd (Delta), an entity associated with Director Michael Fotios. No amounts were paid to Delta Resource Management Pty Ltd for the year (2014: \$619,091). As at 30 June 2015, there is balance of \$719,794 excl. of GST outstanding.

Whitestone Minerals Limited (Whitestone) is a related party of Michael Fotios who is a Director of the Company. No amounts were paid to Whitestone during the year (2014: \$80,000). As at 30 June 2015, there is balance of \$463,475 excl. of GST outstanding (2014: \$406,369).

On 30 September 2014, the loan agreement entered into with Michael Fotios ATF the Michael Fotios Family Trust On 14 March 2014 was revised to the amount of \$1,000,000. The purpose of the loan is to provide working capital to the Group to fund its immediate operational requirements. The proceeds from the loan have been used to meet short-term expenditure needs. As at 30 June 2015, there is a drawdown of \$355,498 under the loan agreement and the undrawn balance is \$644,502.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The above transactions are based on normal commercial terms and conditions and at arm's length. There are no loans to key management personnel as at 30 June 2015 (2014: nil).

There were no other related party transactions other than shown in the Directors' Report.

NOTE 23. INVESTMENT IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Name of Entity	Equity Holding		Cost of Parent Entity's Investment	
	2015 %	2014 %	2015 \$	2014 \$
Parent Entity				
Pegasus Metals Limited				
Controlled Entity				
Placer Resources Pty Ltd	100	100	700,000	700,000
Less: Impairment loss			(700,000)	(700,000)
			-	-

Pegasus Metals Limited and Placer Resources Pty Ltd are located and incorporated in Australia.

NOTE 24. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

(a) Share based payment arrangements

30 June 2015

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Balance at 1 July 2014	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Balance at 30 June 2015	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2015
30/11/12	31/12/15	\$0.35	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000	8,000,000
11/10/11	11/10/14	\$0.15	2,000,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	-	-
			10,000,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	8,000,000	8,000,000

30 June 2014

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Balance at 1 July 2013	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year	Balance at 30 June 2014	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2014
24/11/10	10/12/13	\$0.15	1,000,000	-	-	(1,000,000)	-	-
02/06/11	02/06/14	\$0.45	6,000,000	-	-	(6,000,000)	-	-
30/11/12	31/12/15	\$0.35	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000	4,000,000
11/10/11	11/10/14	\$0.15	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
			17,000,000	-	-	(7,000,000)	10,000,000	6,000,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 24. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The following table illustrates the number (No.) and weighted average exercise prices of and movements in share options issued during the year:

	2015 No.	2015 Weighted average exercise price	2014 No.	2014 Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000,000	0.35	17,000,000	0.35
Granted during the year	-	-	-	-
Forfeited during period	(2,000,000)	0.15	(7,000,000)	0.41
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>8,000,000</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>0.31</u>
Exercisable at the end of the year	8,000,000	0.35	6,000,000	0.28

The weighted average remaining contractual life for the share options outstanding as at 30 June 2015 is 0.5 years (2014: 1.26).

(b) Expenses arising from share based payments

There were no options issued to Directors or consultants during the financial years 2015 and 2014.

	2015 \$	2014 \$
(c) Capitalised costs arising from share based payments		
Balance at beginning of year	3,697,933	3,697,933
Balance at end of year	<u>3,697,933</u>	<u>3,697,933</u>

NOTE 25. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as shown in the statement of financial position and the statement of cash flows

	12,967	11,807
Operating profit/(loss) after tax	695,496	(4,775,932)
Depreciation	5,594	8,480
Impairment expenses	-	4,001,359
Sale of fixed asset	3,172	(8,509)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables	(1,466,909)	60,477
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other payables	601,931	327,618
Net cash flow (used in) operating activities	<u>(160,716)</u>	<u>(386,507)</u>

NOTE 26. PEGASUS METALS LIMITED PARENT COMPANY INFORMATION

	2015 \$	2014 \$
ASSETS		
Current assets	1,676,079	214,577
Non-current assets	3,755,371	3,778,517
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>5,431,450</u>	<u>3,993,094</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities	2,452,090	1,856,727
Borrowings	355,498	208,001
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>2,807,588</u>	<u>2,064,728</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 26. PEGASUS METALS LIMITED PARENT COMPANY INFORMATION (continued)

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
EQUITY		
Contributed equity	18,189,063	18,189,063
Reserves	2,629,621	2,629,621
Accumulated losses	(18,194,822)	(18,890,318)
TOTAL EQUITY	2,623,862	1,928,366
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE		
Profit/(loss) for the year	695,496	4,775,932

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2015 (2014: nil).

CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As at 30 June 2015 and 2014, the Company had no contractual commitments.

GUARANTEES ENTERED INTO BY PARENT ENTITY

As at 30 June 2015 and 2014, the Company has not provided any financial guarantees.

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Group declare that:

1. The financial statements, comprising the consolidated statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity and Group notes, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and:

- a) comply with Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of the performance for the year ended on that date.

2. In the Director's opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

3. The Directors have been given the declarations by the applicable chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A

4. The Group has included in the notes to the financial statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:



MICHAEL FOTIOS
Director

West Perth, Western Australia
30 September 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Pegasus Metals Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Pegasus Metals Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entity it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which



has been given to the directors of Pegasus Metals Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Pegasus Metals Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1(a).

Emphasis of matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1(a) in the financial report, which indicates that the ability of the consolidated entity to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the future successful raising of necessary funding, loan agreement with Michael Fotios ATF and letters of support obtained from significant creditors. These conditions, along with other matters as set out in Note 1(a), indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the consolidated entity may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2015. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Pegasus Metals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

BDO

Phillip Murdoch

Director

Perth, 30 September 2015

Corporate Governance Statement

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 29 October 2015 and has been approved by the board

PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

1.1	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Information about the respective roles and responsibilities of our Board and management (including those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management) is found under the Board Charter at www.pegasusmetals.com.au .
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	The Company appointed Mr Alan Still on 29 January 2015 and Mr Michael Jardine on 21 July 2015. The Company has undertaken appropriate checks before appointing Mr Still and Mr Jardine. The Company's Notice of Annual General Meeting contains all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Letters of appointment for each director and senior executive have been entered into by the Company.
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	The company secretary reports directly to the Board through the director performing the role of Chairman and is accessible to all directors.
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.	The Company has a Diversity policy which can be found on its website under the Corporate Governance section. The Company's Diversity policy does not include requirements for the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and given the size and nature of the Company at this stage, the Board considers this course of action reasonable. The Company recognises that a diverse and talented workforce is a competitive advantage and that the Company's success is the result of the quality and skills of our people. Our policy is to recruit and manage on the basis of qualification for the position and performance, regardless of gender, age, nationality, race, religious beliefs, cultural background, sexuality or physical ability. It is essential that the Company employs the appropriate person for each job and that each person strives for a high level of performance. The Company has not set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity during the reporting period. There are no women employees, senior executives or Directors.

Corporate Governance Statement

1.6	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</p>	<p>Due to the size and scale of the Group's operations at present no evaluation of board performance was undertaken during the reporting period.</p>
1.7	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</p>	<p>No senior executives were employed by the Group during the reporting period.</p>

PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

2.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>	<p>The Board does not have a Nomination Committee.</p> <p>The full Board is the Nomination Committee. Acting in its ordinary capacity from time to time as required, the Board carries out the process of determining the need for screening and appointing new Directors. In view of the size and resources available to the Group it is not considered that a separate Nomination Committee would add any substance to this process</p>																												
2.2	<p>A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.</p>	<p>The Board Skills matrix for the current Board is as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Michael Fotios</th> <th>Alan Still</th> <th>Michael Jardine</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Operational Management</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Exploration/Geology</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Corporate Law</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Accounting & Finance</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Listed Companies</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Equity Markets</td> <td>Yes</td> <td></td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Michael Fotios	Alan Still	Michael Jardine	Operational Management	Yes	Yes		Exploration/Geology	Yes			Corporate Law	Yes		Yes	Accounting & Finance	Yes		Yes	Listed Companies	Yes	Yes	Yes	Equity Markets	Yes		Yes
	Michael Fotios	Alan Still	Michael Jardine																											
Operational Management	Yes	Yes																												
Exploration/Geology	Yes																													
Corporate Law	Yes		Yes																											
Accounting & Finance	Yes		Yes																											
Listed Companies	Yes	Yes	Yes																											
Equity Markets	Yes		Yes																											

Corporate Governance Statement

2.3	<p>A listed entity should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</p> <p>(b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</p> <p>(c) the length of service of each director.</p>	<p>The Company considers that Michael Jardine is an independent director of Pegasus Metals Limited. He has been a director since 21 July 2015.</p> <p>Mr Michael Fotios has been a director since 17 December 2009 and Mr Alan Still has been a director since 29 January 2015. Both Mr Fotios and Mr Still are also directors of substantial shareholder, Investmet Limited and are therefore not considered to be independent directors.</p>
2.4	<p>A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.</p>	<p>The majority of the board are not independent directors.</p>
2.5	<p>The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.</p>	<p>Mr Graham Anderson was Non-Executive Chairman of the board during the reporting period. Mr Anderson was not deemed independent due to his related party interests in the Company.</p>
2.6	<p>A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.</p>	<p>The Company provides induction material for any new directors and, depending on specific requirements, will provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors.</p>

PRINCIPLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that code or a summary of it.</p>	<p>The Company has a Code of Conduct which can be found on its website under the Corporate Governance section. The Company's Code of Conduct sets out the principles and standards which the Board, management and employees of the Company are encouraged to strive to abide by when dealing with each other, shareholders and the broad community</p>
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PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

4.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at 	<p>The Board does not have a separate Audit Committee.</p> <p>In view of the size and resources available to the Group it is not considered that a separate Audit Committee is necessary.</p>
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Corporate Governance Statement

	those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Mr Michael Fotios provided a declaration in relation to full year and half year statutory financial reports during the reporting period in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act. A declaration was not provided with respects to quarterly reports
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	The audit engagement partner attends the AGM and is available to answer shareholder questions from shareholders relevant to the audit

PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1	A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	The Company's continuous Disclosure Policy can be found under the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website
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PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	The Company's website provides information on the Company including its background, objectives, projects and contact details. The Corporate Governance page provides access to key policies, procedures and charters of the Company, such as the Board charter, securities trading policy and diversity policy. ASX announcements, Company reports and presentations are uploaded to the website following release to the ASX and editorial content is updated on a periodic basis.
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	A Shareholder Communication Policy can be found on the Company's website.

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6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	The Company encourages shareholders to attend all general meetings of the Company and sets the time and place of each meeting to promote maximum attendance by Shareholders. The Company encourages Shareholders to submit questions in advance of a general meeting, and for the responses to these questions to be addressed through disclosure relating to that meeting.
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	It is the Company's desire that shareholders receive communications electronically in the interests of the environment and constraining costs. In an endeavour to drive this objective the Company has a policy of providing hard materials at least cost (which will generally involve a black & white presentation even where the electronic version is full colour).

PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	The Board does not have a separate Risk Committee. Risk issues are regularly dealt with by the full Board during board meetings.
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Due to the limited operations of the Group during the reporting period, the Board has not conducted a review of the Group's risk management framework.
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	The Company currently does not have any internal audit function. The Group's operations are presently of such a limited nature that it can rely on its external auditor to examine internal controls processes and identify risk management improvements.

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7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	The Company does not believe it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks
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PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

8.1	<p>The board of a listed entity should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have a remuneration committee which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	The Company does not have a Remuneration committee as the Company does not have any staff. The whole board considers the level and composition of remuneration for directors with reference to remuneration levels set by its peers in the mining industry.
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Non-executive directors and executive directors are paid amounts equivalent to the remuneration received by other non-executive directors working in similarly sized exploration companies.
8.3	<p>A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	The Company does not have an equity based remuneration scheme.

Annual Mineral Resource Statement

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 5.21, the Company reviews and reports its Mineral Resources at least annually. The date of reporting is 30 June each year, to coincide with the Company's end of financial year balance date. If there are any material changes to its Mineral Resources over the course of the year, the Company is required to promptly report these changes.

In completing the annual review for the year ended 30 June 2015, the historical resource factors were reviewed and found to be relevant and current. The Company's projects have not been converted to any active operation yet and hence no resource depletion has occurred for the review period.

Mt Mulcahy Project – Mineral Resource Statement

A summary of the Mineral Resources for the South Limb Pod ('SLP') at the Mt Mulcahy Project in Western Australia as at 30 June 2015 is shown in Table 1 below.

The SLP total Mineral Resource estimate comprises **647,000 tonnes @ 2.3% Cu** for 33.5M pounds (15,200 tonnes) of copper, 1.8% Zn for 26.3M pounds (11,900 tonnes) of zinc, 20g/t Ag for 415,000oz silver (at a lower cut-off grade of 0.5% copper).

Table 1 Mt Mulcahy Project South Limb Pod Mineral Resource Estimate 30 June 2015											
Resource Category	Tonnes	Grade					Contained Metal				
		Cu (%)	Zn (%)	Co (%)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Cu (Pounds)	Zn (Pounds)	Co (Pounds)	Ag (Ounces)	Au (Ounces)
Measured	192,590	3.01	2.28	0.11	25.31	0.26	12,774,000	9,689,000	484,000	157,000	2,000
Indicated	372,150	2.2	1.7	0.1	18.7	0.2	17,972,000	14,346,000	723,000	223,000	2,000
Inferred	82,492	1.5	1.3	0.1	13.1	0.2	2,760,000	2,276,000	129,000	35,000	-
TOTAL RESOURCES	647,232	2.35	1.84	0.09	19.94	0.22	33,506,000	26,311,000	1,335,000	415,000	4,000

Note

1. Rounding may result in apparent summation differences between tonnes, grade and contained metal content;
2. 0.5% Cu cut-off grade.
3. Significant figures do not imply an added level of precision.

Governance Arrangements and Internal Controls

The Group has ensured that the Mineral Resources quoted are subject to good governance arrangements and internal controls. The Mineral Resources reported have been generated by independent external consultants where appropriate who are experienced in best practices in modelling and estimation methods. The consultants have also undertaken reviews of the quality and suitability of the underlying information used to determine the resource estimate. In addition, management carries out regular reviews and audits of internal processes and external contractors that have been engaged by the Group.

Schedule of Granted Mining Tenements

TENEMENT No.	LOCATION	STATUS	INTEREST %	HOLDER
EL20/422	WA	Granted	100	Black Raven Mining Pty Ltd ¹

Note 1. The Group holds a 100% interest in the tenement pursuant to an executed Tenement Sale Agreement with Black Raven Mining Pty Ltd dated 14 June 2012. Transfer of the tenement to the Group is pending with the remaining step being submission of duty-stamped Tenement Sale Agreement to the DMP.

Competent Persons Statements

The information in this mineral resource statement is based on information compiled and/or reviewed by Michael Fotios who is a Director of Pegasus Metals and is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Fotios has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Fotios consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears. Mr Fotios consents to this Annual Mineral Resource Statement as a whole

Additional Information For Listed Public Companies

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. The information is current as at 12 October 2015.

Substantial shareholders

Shareholder Name	Units	Percentage
Investmet Ltd	17,009,402	13.82%
Kimminco PL	6,900,000	5.61%
Wyllie Group Pty Ltd	6,596,465	5.36%

Less Than Marketable Parcel

Parcel	Holders	Units	Percentage
Total unmarketable parcel \$500	387	4,469,500	3.63%

Voting rights

All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction. Options do not carry voting rights.

Unquoted securities

Securities	Number of Options	Number of Holders	Holder
Unlisted options exercisable at 35 cents each expiring 31 December 2015 (vesting conditions apply to 4,000,000 unlisted options)	8,000,000	1	Mulgara Minerals Ltd

On-market buyback

There is no current on-market buy-back.

Stock Exchange listing

Quotation has been granted for the Company's Ordinary Shares on ASX Limited.

Distribution of quoted security holders

Range	Holders	Units	Percentage
1 - 1,000	28	3,746	0.00%
1,001 - 5,000	117	383,621	0.31%
5,001 - 10,000	93	815,284	0.66%
10,001 - 100,000	293	12,568,763	10.21%
> 100,000	119	109,303,105	88.81%
Total	650	123,074,519	100.00%

Twenty largest shareholders – Ordinary Shares

Shareholder Name	Units	Percentage
INVESTMET LTD	17,009,402	13.82%
KIMMINCO PL	6,900,000	5.61%
WYLLIE GRP PL	6,596,465	5.36%
SHARIC SUPER PL	4,370,658	3.55%
FOTIOS MICHAEL GEORGE	4,341,893	3.53%
BLACK RAVEN MINING PL	4,000,000	3.25%
GUNZ PL	3,471,068	2.82%
PERTH SELECT SEAFOODS PL	2,992,915	2.43%
ANDREWS, PETER P + K	2,750,000	2.23%
SPENCER ANDREW WILLIAM	2,282,464	1.85%
SHARPLESS G J + J L	2,170,464	1.76%
FOTIOS ANTHONY HAROLD	2,059,883	1.67%
OAKMOUNT NOM PL	2,024,805	1.65%
SORENSEN DANE PEDER EVAN	1,813,896	1.47%
MCALPINE SANDRA LYNN	1,809,055	1.47%
JEMAYA PL	1,756,696	1.43%
BOTSIS HLDGS PL	1,683,447	1.37%
MOORE B J + HAMMOND P C	1,623,333	1.32%
COLBY JAMES + PAULA C	1,563,781	1.27%
SORENSEN DANE PEDER EVAN	1,550,000	1.26%
TOTAL	72,770,225	59.12%